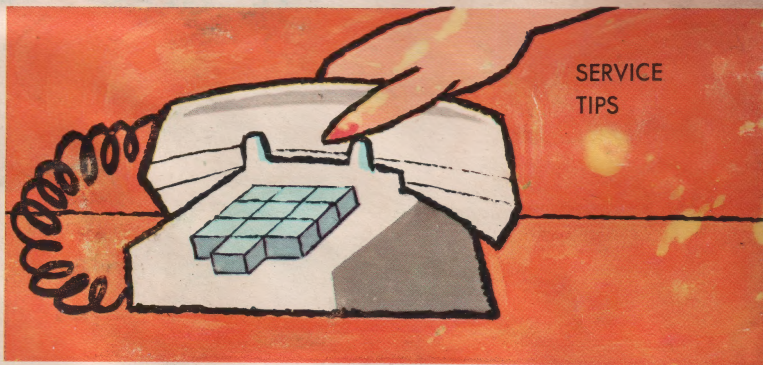


# Sears

## KENMORE laundry guide for your new automatic dryer



SORTING AND  
LOADING GUIDE

the loadin



SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS



STAIN CHART



*Please*

Before you start using  
your new Kenmore...

Read this book. It takes just a few minutes to study through these illustrated instructions, and you'll get a lot more pleasure from your new KENMORE if you are well acquainted with it.

Keep this book for future use. If you have any questions about your machine or any laundry problem, please write to me.

*Jean Shaw*

Director, Home Economics Lab.  
Dept. 817, Sears, Roebuck and Co.  
925 South Homan Avenue  
Chicago, Illinois 60607

P.S. Be sure to include Model Number from tag located on underside of lid of Automatic Washer, or behind loading door of Dryer.

# Where to find information for . . . . . PAGE



Address and Telephone No. of local Sears  
Retail Store or Catalog Sales Office:

\_\_\_\_\_

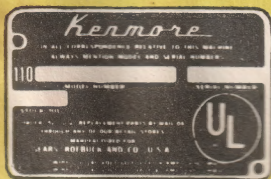
\_\_\_\_\_

Date Purchased \_\_\_\_\_

Model No. \_\_\_\_\_

Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_

Service Tel. No. \_\_\_\_\_



For quick reference we suggest you write down the model number of your Kenmore and purchase date.

Model Number will be found on small metal plate behind the loading door, next to the drum opening.

Use of Dryer—Sorting, Load Sizes, When Dryer Stops . . . . .	2
When Load Is Dry . . . . .	3
Permanent Press—Wash 'N Wear . . . . .	4, 5
<b>Drying Special Items</b>	
Baby Clothes . . . . .	6
Chenille Robes and Spreads . . . . .	6
Corduroy . . . . .	6
Curtains . . . . .	6
Drapery and Slip Covers . . . . .	6
Electric Blankets and Sheets . . . . .	6
Feather Pillows . . . . .	7
Foam Rubber and Kapok Pillows . . . . .	7
Knitted Cottons . . . . .	7
Knitted Synthetics . . . . .	7
Plastic and Rubber Items . . . . .	7
Scatter Rugs . . . . .	7
Stretch Garments . . . . .	7
Starched Items . . . . .	8
Stuffed Toys . . . . .	8
Tinted Garments . . . . .	8
Woolen Items and Blankets . . . . .	8
What Not to Dry . . . . .	9
Fiber and Fabric Guide . . . . .	10, 11
Care of Your Dryer . . . . .	12
Gas Dryer, Special Information . . . . .	13
Stain Treatments . . . . .	14
Service Information . . . . .	1, 15
Guarantee . . . . .	16
Loading Guide . . . . .	Back Cover

# How to Use Your Dryer

Before using for the first time, wipe out the inside of the Dryer with a damp cloth.

## 1 Load

## 2 Shut The Dryer Door

## 3 Set Controls

See the operating directions on the instruction sheet for setting the Controls and starting the Dryer.

### *Some Tips to Enjoy Your Dryer More:*

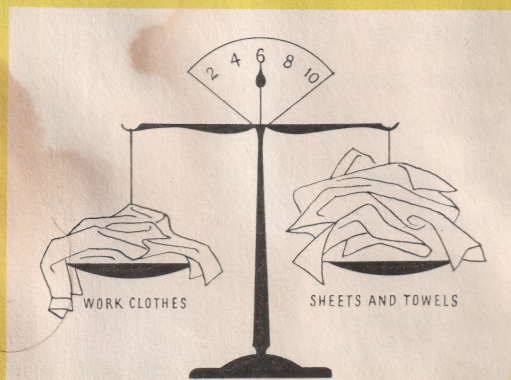


**Sorting**—Normally, what is washed together can be dried together. You can put the load right into the dryer from the washer.

- Lighter weight fabrics in a mixed load will dry faster than the heavy ones. Thus, for best results, wash and dry fabrics of similar weight and type together.
- Dry non-colorfast items in separate loads.
- Separate lint makers from lint takers, such as flannel from corduroy.

**Load Sizes**—Bulk, or the space a load occupies, is more important than its weight. For example, 6 pounds of sheets and towels take more room than 6 pounds of heavy work clothes.

- Allow enough room for items to tumble freely. Clothes will dry faster and be less wrinkled in an uncrowded dryer. This is especially important for Permanent or Durable Press items.
- Put no more than 2 double sheets in a load. Fill it out with smaller items.
- Dry only 1 or 2 large or bulky items at a time . . . such as bedspreas, rugs or blankets.
- With very small, light loads, add 2 dry towels for better tumbling.



**Turn Pockets** of heavy garments . . . or the garment itself . . . inside out for faster, more even drying.

**Put Little Things**, such as baby socks or hankies, in a pillowcase or mesh bag to keep them from scattering. Pin or tie the bag shut.

**When the Dryer Stops** . . . Fold or hang up things right away for more wrinkle-free clothes. Use the end of cycle signal on your Dryer, if it has one, to tell you when the Dryer stops.

**NOTE:** For some items that require a little extra attention, see pages 6, 7 and 8.

# When Is the Load Dry?

**Drying Time** suggestions on the operating instruction sheet are only general. They may vary because of:

- Load size . . . smaller loads dry faster.
- Kind of load . . . lightweight fabrics dry faster than heavy ones.
- Amount of moisture in clothes . . . if you use a wringer washer or have handwashed any clothes, a longer time may be required to dry the load.

You will soon learn what is best for your loads. Dryers with automatic controls take care of these variations and automatically adjust the drying time for you.

## Degree of Dryness Desired:

### *Completely Dry...*

You will want most things this way to . . .

- Use immediately
- Put away
- Sprinkle or iron later

#### **NOTE: Avoid Over-Drying.**

All fabrics hold a certain amount of natural moisture. Over-drying removes this natural moisture and results in set wrinkles, harsh clothes and apparent shrinkage. Once over-dried, the clothes must be re-dampened to return the

fabric to its original size and condition. Follow the drying time-temperature suggestions for your model and remember, clothes will feel more damp in the warm, moist air of the dryer than out in the open room.

### *Slightly Damp...*

Certain fabrics or items need little or no ironing . . . such as Corduroys, Quilted Fabrics, Cotton Knits, Sheets (unless Permanent Press).

- These items better retain their shape if removed before they are completely dry.
- Smooth seams and trims. Fold or hang to finish drying.

### *Damp Dry...*

To eliminate sprinkling . . .

Partially dry fabrics to the ironing dampness you prefer. Some Dryers have special settings. Otherwise, merely shorten the time. Then . . .

Put damp articles in a plastic bag to hold the moisture. If you do not iron on the same day, you may store the bag in the refrigerator or freezer.

# A Guide to Permanent Press and Wash 'N



Permanent Press (also known as Durable Press) is the most recent development in Wash 'N Wear. Permanent Press is a way of describing a garment's or fabric's ability to keep its shape-retaining "memory." While being worn or in use, they retain a neat appearance: their smooth shape and sharp pleats and creases are permanently locked in, wrinkles are locked out.

Permanent Press fabrics may be made of all natural fibers, all synthetic fibers, or a blend of natural and synthetic fibers. Therefore, you may find Permanent Press items with such fiber contents as 100% cotton, 100% polyester, or 50% cotton/50% polyester. All Permanent Press fabrics or items have been constructed or treated in a special manner to impart minimum care characteristics. This is done by the mill and/or the manufacturer.

Permanent Press items perform best when tumble dried with heat. No ironing should be required if they are laundered and handled properly. Wash 'N Wear items also will benefit if laundered the same way as Permanent Press.

*The information on the following page should help you get all the advantages of no-iron properties:*

## To Wash Permanent Press and Wash 'N Wear

- Sort clothes according to colorfastness.
- Wash small to medium-sized loads.
- For best results, wash as a load by itself and set Controls as instructed for Permanent Press or Wash 'N Wear items.

## To Dry Permanent Press and Wash 'N Wear

- Dry small to medium-sized loads so items move freely.
- Dry as a load by itself for best results, setting Controls as indicated on instruction sheet for Permanent Press or Wash 'N Wear items.

(NOTE: Temperature selection for these fabrics is automatic in Sears SOFT HEAT® Dryers.)

## Tips for Permanent Press and Wash 'N Wear

- Remove items from the Dryer as soon as it stops so wrinkles won't set back in.
  - Hang up or fold right away.
  - If they do sit in the Dryer for a while, tumble for 15 minutes more *with heat* to remove wrinkles. (If you have an Electronic Sensor Dryer, merely press the START button again.)
- If drying very small, light loads, add two dry terry towels for better tumbling action.
- Restore Permanent Press items to their fresh appearance in the Dryer when they have been
  - wrinkled from store packaging.
  - mussed from packing in a suitcase.
  - rumpled from hanging in a crowded closet . . .

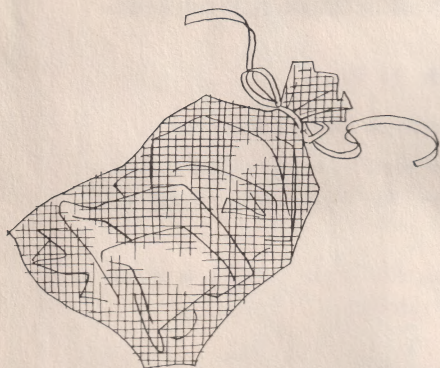
by setting Controls as you would for regular drying. Tumble a few garments at a time for 15 minutes *with heat*.

Remove and hang up.

## Buying Guides

- Avoid purchasing items with puckered seams and pressed-in wrinkles.
- Check to see that trims and linings are washable and made from fabric similar to that of the garment.
- Buy garments that require little or no alteration. Creases from let-out seams and lengthened hems cannot be removed by ironing.

# Drying Those Special Items

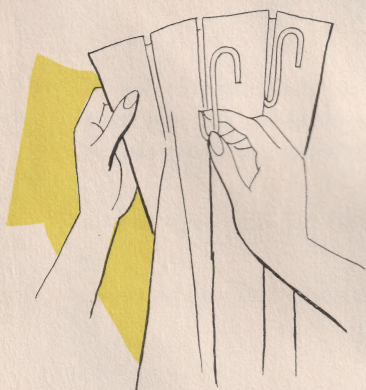


## Baby Clothes

For easier handling, wash and dry small items in a mesh bag or pillowcase. To avoid shrinkage of cotton knit items, remove them when slightly damp, reshape and lay on a flat surface to finish drying before storing. We do not recommend drying woolen knits in a Dryer.

## Chenille Robes and Spreads, Fleece Coats, Mattress Pads and Other Napped or Quilted Items

Dry large items separately to avoid wrinkling. Dry similar colors together to avoid lint transfer.



## Corduroy

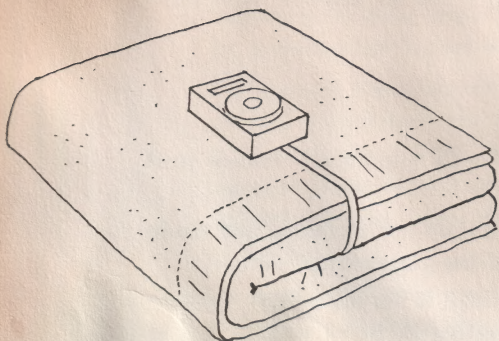
Dry similar colors together to avoid lint transfer. To eliminate most ironing, remove from Dryer slightly damp, smooth, reshape and set aside to finish drying.

## Curtains

Dry no more than four panels at a time. All synthetic or sheer curtains should be dried as a load by themselves. Some curtains will require little or no ironing if removed from the Dryer when slightly damp, smoothed and returned to the window. Do not dry fiber glass curtains in Dryer, unless stated otherwise on label.

## Draperies and Slip Covers

The Control settings will depend upon the type of fabric being dried. Remove hooks and weights from draperies. Dry no more than two or four drapery panels or one slipcover at a time. Some drapery fabrics may need little or no ironing if removed from Dryer slightly damp, smoothed and returned to window. Remove slipcovers from Dryer when slightly damp, immediately put back onto furniture and allow to finish drying.

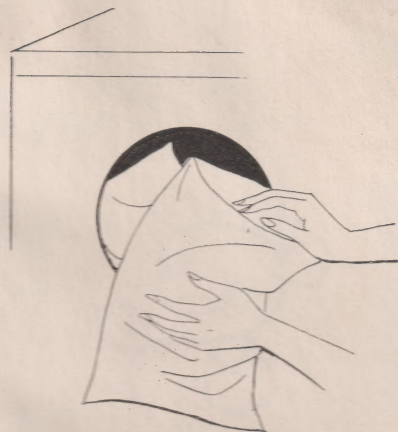


## Electric Blankets and Sheets

To assure gentle treatment of electrical wires during drying, follow instructions given under "Woolen Items and Blankets" (p. 8), except eliminate brushing the nap and stretching. Check manufacturer's instructions for additional laundry information.

### Feather Pillows

Feather pillows do not dry rapidly and require complete drying to prevent mildewing. Set Dryer as you would for cottons, using maximum time. (Electronic Sensor Dryers require no time setting.) During cycle, stop Dryer and shake pillows to fluff and rearrange center feathers. The drying time required will depend upon the size of the pillow.



### Foam Rubber and Kapok Pillows

Dry these pillows on the AIR setting only as they will not withstand heat.

### Knitted Cottons

*(T-shirts, Underwear, etc.)*

Dry only to slightly damp stage. If allowed to tumble too long in Dryer, knitted cottons appear to shrink and must be redampened to regain their original shape. This apparent shrinkage is characteristic of knitted cottons and is not permanent.

### Knitted Synthetics

*(Orlon, Nylon Sweaters, etc.)*

Garments of knitted synthetic fibers will not shrink when dried at correct setting but have a tendency to "pill" (small balls of fiber form on surface) when rubbed. Turn garment inside-out to keep pills from forming on right side. Place three dry terrycloth towels in load to act as buffers.



### Plastic and Rubber Items

*(Curtains, Tablecloths, Bags, Boots, Shoes, Stuffed Toys)*

Dry these items on AIR setting only as they will not withstand heat and present a potential fire hazard.

### Scatter Rugs

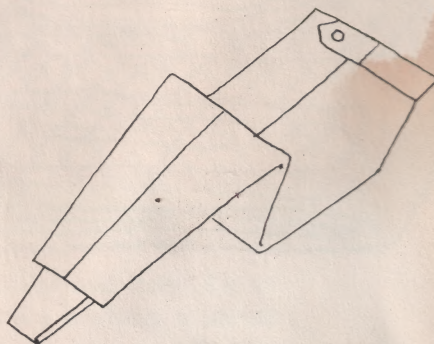
Dry one 3 x 4 or two smaller rugs at one time. Remove from Dryer while slightly damp and lay flat to finish drying. Dry rubber-backed rugs on AIR setting only as heat will destroy the rubber backing and is a potential fire hazard.

### Stretch Garments

*(Blouses, Foundation Garments, Shirts, Slacks, etc.)*

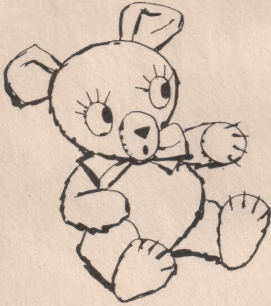
As a rule, these garments can be dried in your Dryer. (Always check garment labels and hangtags just to make sure.) Control settings will depend upon the fiber content. If item contains Spandex, use a low temperature setting or dry as you would for delicate fabrics.

**Note:** Some machines require no temperature setting and will automatically provide safe temperature for the fabric being dried.



### Starched Items

Dry starched clothes together in a separate load. Best results are obtained if clothes are removed at ironing dampness, placed in a plastic bag and held for at least 30 minutes to even out moisture before being ironed. Dryer-dried starched clothes have plenty of body, but are never as stiff as when line-dried. If added stiffness is desired, you may want to use a heavier starch solution when the Dryer is to be used.



### Stuffed Toys

Be sure you know what the stuffing material is and then dry accordingly. Foam rubber stuffing should be dried the same as Foam Pillows. Fabric stuffing may be treated as Feather Pillows.

### Tinted Garments

Garments that have just been tinted or dyed may be dried in the Dryer. Be sure to wipe interior of drum carefully to assure that no lint remains to discolor the following load.

### Woolen Items and Blankets

*(Procedure covers Woolen, Synthetic and Electric Blankets and Sheets)*

**Woolens** should be only partially dried in Dryer because excessive tumbling causes shrinkage. Do not let items tumble more than 10 minutes. Remove them to complete drying in air. We do not recommend drying knitted woolens in the Dryer.

**Synthetic blankets** may be dried completely in Dryer, as excessive tumbling does not cause shrinkage.

We suggest the following procedure for drying Woolen Blankets and Electric Blankets and Sheets:

- 1 Pre-heat Dryer for 5 minutes with three or four bath towels, using setting you would use for cottons.\*
- 2 Place one blanket or sheet in Dryer with towels and allow to tumble with heat for no more than 10 minutes. (It is advisable that you time this with a clock or watch.) If these items are allowed to dry completely, shrinkage and harshness of fabric may occur. Remove at the end of the 10 minute drying period.
- 3 To complete drying, hang blanket or sheet over two parallel clothes lines or place on a flat surface. Straighten edges and re-shape to size.
- 4 Raise nap with a stiff brush, using short, lengthwise strokes.
- 5 Do not fold until blanket or sheet feels dry. When dry, you may want to press binding to improve the appearance.

*\*The reason for pre-heating the Dryer for at least 5 minutes is to get as much drying as possible with the minimum amount of tumbling.*



# Items That Should **NOT** Be Dried in Your Dryer or With Heat:

---

● **Home Dry-Cleaned** articles or those that have been “spotted” with cleaning fluids should **NEVER** be placed in a Dryer to hasten the drying. They are safe to put into a heated Dryer only after the cleaning fluid and fumes have evaporated completely. Cleaning by this method should be done in a large, well-ventilated room, preferably not near the Dryer.

● Articles washed in combustible detergents or all-purpose cleaners should not be dried with heat. Read your package label—by law, this information must appear on the label.

● Articles containing **rubber, foam rubber or plastic** should not be dried in a heated Dryer as the heat may damage the rubber or plastic and present a fire hazard. The **AIR** setting should be used.

**NOTE:** Foam rubber may be hidden in some garments. Be sure to check manufacturer’s label or hangtag if you think this may be the case as these items must also be dried on the **AIR** setting.

● Some **pleated** items should be drip-dried. Tumbling in a Dryer causes pleats to open up and lose their sharpness. Check labels or hangtags for proper laundry instructions. **NOTE:** This does not apply to Permanent or Durable Press items.

● **Fiber Glass** materials should be drip-dried unless the hangtag specifically states that an item is machine dryable.

● **Knitted woolen** items should be blocked back to shape and dried flat to retain original appearance. All woolens, especially knits, have a tendency to shrink and nap when exposed to tumbling.

---

# What you need to know about Fibers and Fabrics

**Important:** Before laundering any item, it is wise to read any labels and "hangtags" for special instructions from the manufacturer. Often the fabric can be safely machine washed but construction of the garment requires very special care or hand washing.

*There are two basic Fiber classifications:*

## Natural Fibers

### *Cotton and Linen*

Cotton and Linen fabrics are generally strong, long-wearing and absorbent. They wash well and seldom require special care: they can withstand long washing times; can be washed, dried and ironed at high heat. Cottons and linens have little resiliency and, therefore, wrinkle easily. They are subject to mildew and rot. Some cottons and linens have special finishes that may be damaged by chlorine bleach. Always check any hangtags and labels for special care instructions.



### *Silk*

Silk is a luxurious fabric in appearance and feel; tends to be wrinkle-resistant; is strong when wet or dry. It is sensitive to alkali and acid, weakened by sunlight and perspiration. Most silk fabrics must be dry-cleaned. If washable, the hangtag or label should give exact laundry instructions to be carefully followed for best results.



### *Wool*

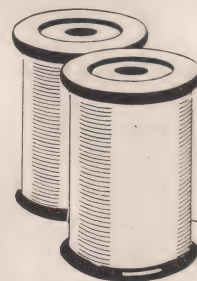
Wool is an animal fiber and is known for its warmth, durability and wrinkle-recovery properties. It is sensitive to alkaline substances, subject to moth damage and discoloration and may even be dissolved by chlorine bleach. Most woolen fabrics are not washable as they have a tendency to shrink, especially when put into hot water and agitated.

## Man-made (*Synthetic*) Fibers

These fibers often look and feel like natural fibers, but have added advantages such as wrinkle resistance, little or no shrinkage and ability to take color well. There are many man-made fibers, each generally known by a manufacturer's



brand name; they can be, however, separated into groups or generic classifications according to their chemical make-up. For example, Dacron and Fortrel belong to the polyester group. Those belonging to the same group generally have similar characteristics and require the same kind of care. Always read labels and hangtags and check with your Wash Guide for proper laundry procedures for items made of these fibers. The chart below shows some of the more common brand names grouped into their generic classifications:



**GENERAL GROUP**

**SOME BRAND NAMES**

Acetate	Avisco, Celaperm, Estron
Acrylic	Acrilan, Creslan, Orlon
Modacrylic	Dynel, Verel
Nylon	Antron, Caprolan, Nylon
Polyester	Dacron, Fortrel, Kodol
Rayon (Viscose)	Avisco, Avril, Avron, Bemberg, Cupioni, Fortisan
Spandex	Lycra, Vyrene
Triacetate	Arnel

***Blends and Combinations:***

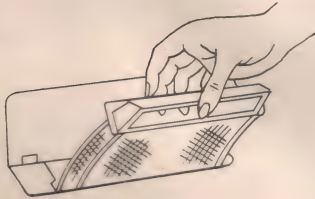
A large percentage of the fabrics used for garments and household textile items are blends or combinations of two or more fibers. A few examples are Dacron®/cotton, wool/Orlon® and Dacron®/nylon/cotton. Always be sure to read any hangtags and labels for proper laundering instructions.

# Care of Your Dryer

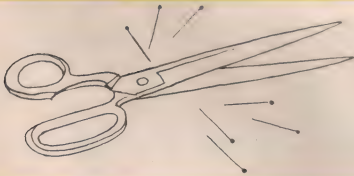


Wipe both inside and outside surfaces with damp cloth occasionally to keep Dryer clean. Drum interior should be washed with warm soapy water after a load of heavily starched, tinted or less colorfast items has been dried. Do not use cleaning agents that contain harsh abrasives.

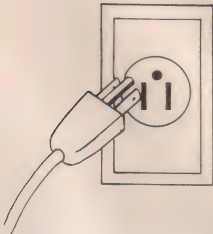
For proper care and protection of the exterior finish of your Kenmore laundry appliances, we recommend Sears Cream Appliance Cleaner "Stock No. 6407" available in Sears Housewares Departments.



Clean the lint screen after each day's drying or more often if lint loads are being dried. Drying efficiency is decreased if too much lint is allowed to collect on the screen. DO NOT RINSE OR WASH IN WATER.



Sharp or rough objects placed on the Dryer could scratch the surface finish. Very heavy items may dent the surface.



## *Vacation bound?*

For **ELECTRIC DRYER**, unplug cable or, if wired direct, pull switch in dryer line fuse box.

For **GAS DRYER**, shut off gas valve and pull electric cord. To relight match-lighted units, see page 13.

## **Outside Exhaust . . .**

Your Kenmore Dryer can be quickly and simply connected to an outside exhaust. You will find complete, easy-to-follow instructions included in your Kenmore. Exhaust accessories are available through Sears Stores. (Retail or Catalog Sales Office.)

## **Installing and Leveling the Dryer . . .**

Your Kenmore Dryer is very easily installed and leveled. For complete, easy-to-follow installation details, see the instruction sheet which is included with the dryer.

**NOTE:** Machine should be properly grounded, as described in installation instructions, to prevent electrical shock.

# Special Information for Gas Dryers

*The operation and controls of Kenmore Gas and Electric dryers are basically the same. However, there are some important facts you should understand if you have the Kenmore Gas Dryer.*

## Automatic Ignition Gas Dryer

### TO OPERATE:

- 1 When dryer has been installed, be sure gas supply line is open and electric cord is plugged into 110 Volt 60 Cycle outlet.
- 2 Make sure door is closed. Set Controls as outlined in the insert sheet of Operating Instructions for your Dryer. That's all you have to do because setting the Controls activates the electrical ignition system which ignites the burner assembly.
- 3 When drying cycle has been completed, both gas and electricity are automatically shut off. You do not have to close gas valve after using Dryer.

Your machine has a SAFETY DEVICE which automatically shuts off the gas supply if the burner fails to ignite in a given period of time. If this happens, turn the Dryer or Timer Control to OFF. Then check to see if gas line is completely open (it may not be). Wait fifteen minutes for safety device to re-set itself, and then re-set Controls. If Dryer still fails to heat, call for service.\*

\*For further information, see page 16.

NOTE: Front toe panel should be in place when Dryer is in operation.

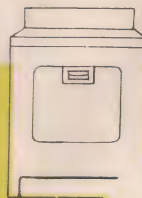
IMPORTANT: Before relighting hot dryer, allow five minutes for pilot to cool.

## Match-lighted Gas Dryer

### TO OPERATE:

- 1 When Dryer has been installed, be sure Control is in OFF position.
- 2 Plug electric cord into 110 Volt 60 Cycle outlet and open gas supply line.
- 3 Open the toe panel by grasping top edge with both hands and pulling down. Push starter lever all the way down and place a match by the pilot starting tube. Hold starter lever down for approximately one minute and then release slowly.
- 4 Check to be sure gas pilot is lighted by pushing down the starter lever arm. A small flame should be visible on the pilot starter tube (see illus. below). If not, then repeat the lighting process. Once Dryer has been lit, it is not necessary to light it again unless you close the gas supply line after the day's use.

Your machine has a SAFETY DEVICE which automatically shuts off the gas supply should the pilot fail. To relight pilot, follow steps outlined above. If this fails, call for service.



# How to Treat Stains

FOR BEST RESULTS, TREAT STAINS PROMPTLY

STAINS	White Washable Fabrics	Washable Colored Fabrics
Blood	Soak in cold water. Then wash in hot sudsy water. Use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Candle Wax and Paraffin	Scrape off excess wax. Press between blotters with warm iron. Sponge with non-flammable drycleaning spot remover.*	Treat as whites.
Chewing Gum	Rub with ice wrapped in plastic. Scrape off hardened gum. Sponge with non-flammable drycleaning spot remover.*	Treat as whites.
Chocolate and Cocoa	Soak in cold water. Then wash in hot sudsy water. Use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Cod Liver Oil	Sponge with non-flammable drycleaning spot remover.* Allow to air dry. Wash in hot sudsy water.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Coffee or Tea without milk or cream**	Sponge stain with cool water immediately. Soak in cool water for 30 minutes. Wash in hot sudsy water. Use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Egg or Meat	Soak in cold water. Wash in warm sudsy water. If stain remains, use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites.
Fruit	Sponge immediately with cool water. If safe for fabric pour boiling water through spot. Wash in hot sudsy water. Use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Grass and Green Vegetables	Rub detergent into stain. Wash in hot sudsy water. Use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Grease or Oil	Sponge with non-flammable drycleaning spot remover.* Allow to air dry. Rub detergent into spot. Wash in hot sudsy water. Use bleach safe for fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Writing Ink***	Sponge with non-flammable drycleaning spot remover.* Allow to air dry. Rub with detergent paste and ammonia. Wash in hot water. Use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Iodine	Soak in cool water for several hours if necessary. Wash in hot sudsy water. If stain remains, soak in sodium thiosulfate solution (1 Tbs. per pint warm water).	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Lipstick	Sponge with non-flammable drycleaning spot remover* and allow to air dry. Rub detergent into spot. Wash in hot sudsy water. If stain remains, use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Mercurochrome***	Sponge with 50% alcohol and water solution. Work glycerine into spot. Wash in warm sudsy water. If stain remains, treat with vinegar and rinse well.	Treat as whites except use one part alcohol to two parts water.
Mildew	First wash as usual. If safe for fabric, soak in chlorine bleach solution, or rub in paste of all fabrics bleach, a few drops of hot water and a few drops of ammonia. Wait 15-30 minutes and wash as usual.	Treat as whites, except use all fabrics bleach only.
Milk, Cream and Ice Cream	Soak in cold water. If ice cream is fruit, or chocolate, treat stain as such. Wash in warm sudsy water.	Treat as whites.
Mustard	Rub stain with detergent paste. Wash in hot sudsy water with any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Paint	Scrape off fresh paint, rub detergent into stain, wash in warm sudsy water. Then sponge with turpentine or non-flammable drycleaning spot remover.*	Treat as whites.
Perspiration	Wash in hot sudsy water. Use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites, except use cooler wash water.
Rust	Use a commercial rust remover or oxalic acid solution. Follow package directions.****	Treat as whites.
Scorch	Wash in warm sudsy water. Use any bleach safe for the fabric.	Treat as whites.

*\*CAUTION: Use in a well-ventilated room; vapors can be harmful.*

*\*\*If coffee or tea contains milk or cream, first sponge with a non-flammable drycleaning spot remover.*

*\*\*\*India and other indelible inks and mercurochrome are practically impossible to remove completely.*

*\*\*\*\*Acid solutions may possibly remove chemical fabric finishes, including those used on some permanent press items.*

*Materials to have on hand and Where to buy them*

**DRUG STORE:** Drycleaning spot remover (perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene or any good brand name alcohol (denatured); glycerine; oxalic acid crystals; sodium thiosulfate ("hypo" at photo supply store).

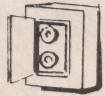
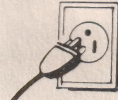
**GROCERY STORE:** Chlorine bleach, ammonia, all fabrics (or oxygen) bleach, rust remover.

# Wait! Important!

BEFORE YOU CALL FOR SERVICE  
PLEASE CHECK THESE POINTS . . .



- 1 Check to see that the electric cord is plugged in. Be sure that the circuit fuse in the main switch box is not blown.



*Note: Electric Dryers use two fuses. It is possible for your Dryer to operate without heat if one of the fuses is blown. Check both fuses before calling a service man.*

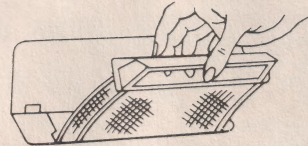
- 2 If you have a Gas Dryer, check the gas supply to see that it is on. Also see special information on Gas Dryers on page 13.



- 3 Make sure Dryer door is tightly closed and controls set to operating position.



- 4 Does Lint Screen need cleaning?  
(Slow drying will occur if not kept clean.)



- 5 If Dryer is exhausted to the outside, check pipe or tubing.  
A blocked exhaust will cause slow drying and other malfunctions.

## Then if your Kenmore needs servicing...

Contact your nearest Sears store (Retail or Catalog Sales Office) and report the nature of the trouble. Give them the Model Number of your machine and the date you purchased it.

# Kenmore Gas and Electric Dryer Guarantee

SEARS GUARANTEES YOUR KENMORE AUTOMATIC DRYER, when used for private family purposes in the United States or Canada, to be free from defects in material or workmanship as follows:

Sears will from date of sale and for a period of:

- 1 **2 YEARS**—furnish all mechanical and electrical replacement repair parts at no charge. However, after 1 year there will be a labor charge for removal and installation of repair parts.
- 2 **1 YEAR**—perform all service (labor) required to replace any parts mentioned above, or any necessary mechanical adjustments, at no charge.
- 3 **30 DAYS**—replace and install any defective porcelain finished parts at no charge.

## TO THE PURCHASER . . .

Space is provided below for entering the model and serial numbers of your Kenmore Automatic Dryer as well as the date of your purchase and the store number. This information will prove helpful should you need to avail yourself of your guarantee rights or if you need to order repair parts during the years of service which have been built into this fine piece of Home Laundry Equipment.

Model \_\_\_\_\_ Serial \_\_\_\_\_

Date Purchased \_\_\_\_\_



**REMEMBER  
ONLY SEARS  
HAS IT**

- A NATIONWIDE SERVICE ORGANIZATION COAST TO COAST
- FACTORY APPROVED PARTS AND SEARS TRAINED SERVICE TECHNICIANS

Phone or Write Us For Dependable Service

Phone \_\_\_\_\_

Store Address \_\_\_\_\_

## NORMAL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER

The following are not defects and are not included in this guarantee:

- 1 Damage resulting from accident or service required as a result of fire, flood or Acts of God.
- 2 Service required because of defective or inadequate fusing or house wiring, or machine not connected to good electrical outlet.
- 3 Cleaning lint filter.
- 4 Inadequate gas supply or gas not turned on.

WHEN YOUR GUARANTEE EXPIRES  
PROTECT YOUR APPLIANCE WITH A  
SEARS MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT.

ALL PARTS, ALL LABOR,  
FOR PENNIES A DAY

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.

# Loading Guide

You will have best results if you do not exceed the load sizes recommended. Items need room to move to receive optimum cleaning and wrinkle free laundering.

How much to wash or dry in each load depends on the size and bulk of an item, as well as its weight. For example, synthetic fabrics are light in weight and a load of the correct size of these items may weigh only half as much as a load of work clothing.

- When machine is properly loaded, clothes should not be packed but be loose enough to move freely in machine.
- Although your machine will handle many large items, for best results we do not recommend putting more than a few large items such as two double or three twin size sheets in one load. Fill out remainder of load with smaller items.
- Permanent Press and wash-and-wear loads should be smaller than regular loads for the best wrinkle free performance.
- Heavily soiled loads will wash cleaner if load is lighter than maximum load.
- Because of difficult soil in diapers, do not wash more than 30 per load for best results.

## ITEMS WEIGHING 1 LB. DRY WEIGHT

2-3	Blouses, Women's
6	Diapers
2-3	Dresses, Children's
1-2	Dresses, Women's
2	Girdles, Nylon (lightweight)
1	Jeans, Children's
3	Lingerie Set (Bra, Panties, Slip)
8	Napkins
2-3	Nightgowns or Slips
1	Pajamas, Men's
3	Pillowcases
2-3	Shirts, Boy's
2	Shirts, Men's Dress
2	Shorts, Girl's Play
3-4	Shorts, Men's
16	Socks, Pairs of Men's Dark
8	Socks, Pairs of White Cotton
1	Tablecloth, small
2-3	Towels, Bath
4-5	Towels, Dish or Hand
3-4	T-Shirts
8	Wash Cloths

## ITEMS WEIGHING 1½ LBS. DRY WEIGHT

1	Pants, Men's Work
2	Shirts, Men's Work
1	Sheet, Twin

## ITEMS WEIGHING 2 LBS. DRY WEIGHT

1	Coveralls, Men's
1	Sheet, Double
1	Tablecloth, Large

## SUGGESTED LOADS

TYPICAL LOADS FOR SUPER MODELS	NORMAL SOIL LOADS		HEAVY SOIL LOADS	EXTRA HEAVY FABRICS
<b>COTTON AND LINEN</b>	5 Bath Towels 8 Wash Cloths 4 Hand Towels 5 Men's Shirts	5 Boy's Shirts 1 Men's Pajamas 2 Twin Sheets 2 Pillow Cases	2 Pair Work Pants 3 Work Shirts 4 Boy's Shirts 4 Pair Children's Jeans 8 Pair Men's Dark Socks	2 Men's Coveralls 4 Men's Work Shirts 3 Men's Work Pants 6 Children's Jeans 8 Pair Men's Dark Socks
<b>PERMANENT PRESS WASH-AND-WEAR AND SYNTHETIC</b>	6 Slips or Nightgowns 4 Sets of Lingerie	2 Girdles 4 Blouses	—OR—	6 Men's Dress Shirts 3 Dresses 3 Slips 2 Blouses
TYPICAL LOADS FOR STANDARD MODELS	NORMAL SOIL LOADS		HEAVY SOIL LOADS	EXTRA HEAVY FABRICS
<b>COTTON AND LINEN</b>	4 Bath Towels 4 Wash Cloths 4 Hand Towels 4 Men's Shirts	2 Boy's Shirts 1 Men's Pajamas 1 Double Sheet 2 Pillow Cases	2 Pair Work Pants 2 Work Shirts 2 Boy's Shirts 6 Pair Men's Dark Socks 2 Children's Jeans	1 Men's Coveralls 3 Men's Work Shirts 3 Men's Work Pants 6 Pair Men's Dark Socks 5 Children's Jeans
<b>PERMANENT PRESS WASH-AND-WEAR AND SYNTHETIC</b>	4 Slips or Nightgowns 4 Sets of Lingerie	2 Girdles 2 Blouses	—OR—	4 Men's Dress Shirts 2 Dresses 2 Slips 2 Blouses
TYPICAL LOADS FOR COMPACT MODELS (24" WIDE)	NORMAL SOIL LOADS		HEAVY SOIL LOADS	EXTRA HEAVY FABRICS
<b>COTTON AND LINEN</b>	2 Bath Towels 4 Wash Cloths 4 Hand Towels 2 Men's Shirts	2 Boy's Shirts 1 Men's Pajamas 1 Double Sheet 2 Pillow Cases	2 Pair Work Pants 2 Work Shirts 1 Boy's Shirt 1 Pair Children's Jeans	1 Men's Coveralls 2 Men's Work Shirts 1 Men's Work Pants 3 Children's Jeans 8 Pair Men's Dark Socks
<b>PERMANENT PRESS WASH-AND-WEAR AND SYNTHETIC</b>	4 Slips or Nightgowns 4 Sets of Lingerie	2 Girdles 2 Blouses	—OR—	4 Men's Dress Shirts 1 Dress 2 Slips 2 Blouses



WE SERVICE WHAT  
WE SELL  
NO MATTER WHERE  
YOU LIVE IN THE U.S.A.

Your Kenmore Laundry Equipment takes on new value when you discover that Sears has 2000 Service units around the country using 10,000 fully-equipped trucks and staffed by 12,000 factory-trained technicians. These men are Service Professionals who back up all Sears guarantees. They use Sears approved parts and methods for expert repairs to fulfill the pledge: "We Service What We Sell."

Litho in U.S.A.

## PUT SEARS UNDER CONTRACT TO YOU with a Sears Maintenance Agreement

Kenmore Home Laundry Equipment is engineered, manufactured and tested for years of dependable operation. Yet, any precision machine may require service from time to time. A Sears Maintenance Agreement relieves you completely of undue inconvenience and unexpected repair bills. It—

- 1** Extends mechanical adjustment and service on a new Kenmore Home Laundry Appliance beyond the guarantee period.
- 2** Includes all parts and labor at no additional cost.
- 3** Covers all service calls and necessary repairs any time for the entire period of the Maintenance.
- 4** Provides a complete Preventive Maintenance check during the last month of the Maintenance Agreement, at your request and convenience . . . as listed below.

This unlimited coverage is available for only pennies a day. Let your Sears salesman or Service Technician explain all the benefits of a Sears Maintenance Agreement.

### MAINTENANCE CHECK ON KENMORE HOME LAUNDRY APPLIANCES INCLUDES:

- Check and adjust belts, drive mechanisms.
- Check wiring harness and terminal connections.
- Check oil seals and lubricate if needed.
- Check pump and hoses.
- Clean all filters—check snubber.
- Check heater function (Gas or electric).
- Check levelling and balance mechanisms.
- Check dispensers.
- Complete operational check of switches and valves.
- Operation check of timer settings and cycles where applicable.

SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.

Part No. 340117 Rev. A

Chicago, Illinois 60607